Jadara University

ref# FR/P1/P1/1/v1



COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

Faculty	Arts & Languages							
Department	English Language & Translation				NQF level		7	
Course Title	Scientific Methodo for Translation and Literary Studies	0.5	Code	102490	Pro	erequisite		
Credit Hours	3		Theory	3	Pra	actical	1	
Course Leader	Dr. Duaa Talafha	email	d.talafha	d.talafha@jadara.edu.jo				
Lecturers	emails							
Lecture time	Wednsday 8:30-10:00		Classroom	C409		Attendance	Fulltime	
Semester	First Semester 2025-2026		Production	2025		Updated	2025	
Type of Teac	Type of Teaching Face to Face ✓ Blended Online							

Short Description

This course is designed to introduce students to the fundamentals of scientific research in the fields of translation and literary studies. It aims to develop students' ability to identify research problems, formulate clear questions and hypotheses, and engage effectively with scholarly sources. The course also trains students in qualitative research methods, data collection and analysis techniques relevant to language and literature, and ethical academic practices such as proper citation and avoidance of plagiarism. Additionally, students will gain hands-on experience in structuring research proposals and academic papers, preparing them for future graduation projects and advanced scholarly work.

Course Objectives

- Introducing students to the fundamental concepts and principles of scientific research in translation and literary studies.
- Training students in essential research skills such as formulating research questions, conducting literature reviews, and applying qualitative data collection and analysis methods.
- Familiarizing students with academic writing conventions, documentation styles, and ethical research practices including proper citation and avoiding plagiarism.
- Developing students' abilities to design and present research proposals and small-scale studies relevant to translation practice and literary analysis.

Learning Outcomes

A. Knowledge - Theoretical Understanding

Explain key research concepts and terminology used in scientific inquiry within translation and literary studies.(K1)

B. Knowledge - Practical Application

Formulate clear research problems, questions, and hypotheses aligned with appropriate theoretical perspectives. (K2)

C. Skills - Generic Problem Solving and Analytical Skills							
Conduct a structured literature review using credible academic sources and synthesize findings effectively.(S1)							
D. Skills - Communication, ICT, and Numeracy							
Apply qualitative research methods such as textual analysis, interviews, and thematic coding to collect and interpret data. (S2)							
E. Competence: Autonomy, Responsibility, and Context							
c1. Acquire good knowledge and skills (professional skills, cognitive skills and interpreting skills) to develop an efficient approach to interpreting process. (C1)							
Teaching and Learning Methods							
$\sqrt{\text{Face to Face Lectures}}$ $\sqrt{\text{Brain Storming}}$ \square Synchronous remote $\sqrt{\text{Using Video}}$ $\sqrt{\text{Discussions}}$ $\sqrt{\text{Research Project}}$ \square Case Study \square Field visit $\sqrt{\text{Problem solving}}$							
Assessment Methods							
□ Formative Assessment $\sqrt{\text{Quiz}}$ □ Lab Exam $\sqrt{\text{Homework}}$ □ Project Assessment $\sqrt{\text{Oral Presentation}}$ $\sqrt{\text{Midterm}}$ $\sqrt{\text{Final Exam}}$							

	Course Contents							
Week	Hours	CLOs	Topics	Teaching & Learning Methods	Assessment Methods			
1.	3	a1 a2	What Is Scientific Research? – Purpose, Ethics, and Academic Honesty	Lecture and discussion.	Observation and class participation.			
2.	3	a1 a2	Research in Translation and Literature – Disciplinary Differences	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint slides/presentation, role-playing and group work.	Observation, assignment, class participation and in- class interpreting performance.			
3.	3	a1 a2 b1 c1	Research Questions, Hypotheses, and Objectives	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint slides/presentation, role-playing and group work.	Observation, class participation and inclass interpreting performance.			
4.	3	a1 a2 b1 c1	Reviewing the Literature – Searching, Summarizing, and Synthesizing	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint slides/presentation, and group work.	Observation, class participation and assignments.			
5.	3	a1 a2 b1 c1	Theoretical and Conceptual Frameworks	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint slides/presentation, and in-class activity.	Observation, class participation, in-class interpreting performance and assignments.			
6.	3	a1 a2 b1	Research Design Types – Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint	Observation, class participation and in-			

		c1		slides/presentation, in-class activity, role- playing and group work.	class interpreting performance.
7.	3	a1 a2 b1 c1	Data Analysis in Qualitative Studies – Thematic, Discourse, and Stylistic Approaches	Lecture, discussion, in-class activity, roleplaying and group work.	Observation, class participation, assignments and inclass interpreting performance.
8.	3	a1 a2 b1 c1	Searching Literature databases	Shadowing and discussion.	Observing and participation.
9.	3	a1 a2 b1 c1	Students' presentations. Revision (preparing for the midterm exam).	Discussion.	Observation and testing students' knowledge of the presented material through questions.
10.	3		Midterm Exam		<u> </u>
11.	3	a1 a2 b1 b2 c1	Writing the Methodology Chapter	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint slides/presentation, in-class activity, role- playing and group work.	Observation, class participation and inclass interpreting performance.
12.	3	a1 a2 b1 b2 c1	Writing Results and Discussion in Humanities Research	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint slides/presentation, in-class activity, role- playing and group work.	Observation, class participation, in-class interpreting performance and assignments.
13.	3	a1 a2 b1 b2 c1	Research Ethics, Plagiarism, and Academic Integrity	Lecture, discussion, PowerPoint slides/presentation,	Observation, class participation,
14. 15.	3	a1 a2 b1 b2 c1	Revision Final exam	General discussion.	Performance.

Infrastructure

	Saldanha, G., & O'Brien, S. (2013). Research Methodologies in				
Textbooks	Translation Studies. Routledge.				
	→ Discipline-specific research tools for translation studies.				
	Dörnyei, Z. (2007). Research Methods in Applied Linguistics. Oxford				
References	University Press.				
	→ Applied linguistics methodology and data analysis approaches.				
	• Creswell, J. W., & Creswell, J. D. (2018). Research Design:				
	Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches (5th ed.). SAGE.				
	→ Foundation for research paradigms, design, and methodology.				
	• Saldanha, G., & O'Brien, S. (2013). Research Methodologies in Translation Studies. Routledge.				
	→ Discipline-specific research tools for translation studies.				
Recommended reading	• Paltridge, B., & Starfield, S. (2007/2015). Thesis and Dissertation Writing in a Second Language. Routledge.				
	→ Structure of academic writing, research reporting.				
	• Dörnyei, Z. (2007). Research Methods in Applied Linguistics. Oxford University Press.				
	→ Applied linguistics methodology and data analysis approaches.				
	• Kothari, C. R. (2004). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques. New Age International.				
	→ General scientific research foundations and ethical considerations.				
Electronic materials	Specialized journals such as Translation , Babel , Perspectives and META . Practical audio resources such as SPEECH REPOSITORY .				
Other	-				

Course Assessment Plan									
Assessment Method		Grade	CLOs						
			a1	a2	b1	b2	c1		
First	(Midterm)	30	10	10	10				
Secon	d (if applicable)								
Final	Exam	40	10	10	10	10	10		
Cours	sework								
nt	Assignments	10				5	5		
sme	Case study								
sses	Discussion and interaction	10				5	5		
vork asse methods	Group work activities	10	5		5				
Coursework assessment methods	Lab tests and assignments								
	Presentations								
ŭ	Quizzes								

Total	100	20	20	20	20	20	

Plagiarism

Plagiarism is claiming that someone else's work is your own. The department has a strict policy regarding plagiarism and, if plagiarism is indeed discovered, this policy will be applied. Note that punishments apply also to anyone assisting another to commit plagiarism (for example by knowingly allowing someone to copy your code).

Plagiarism is different from group work in which a number of individuals share ideas on how to carry out the coursework. You are strongly encouraged to work in small groups, and you will certainly not be penalized for doing so. This means that you may work together on the program. What is important is that you have a full understanding of all aspects of the completed program. In order to allow proper assessment that this is indeed the case, you must adhere strictly to the course work requirements as outlined above and detailed in the coursework problem description. These requirements are in place to encourage individual understanding, facilitate individual assessment, and deter plagiarism.